

FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING**SUBJECT CARD**

Name in Polish: **Przeobraźniki energoelektroniczne w układach zasilania i sterowania 2**
 Name in English: **Power converters in supply and control 2**
 Main field of study (if applicable): **Electrical Engineering**
 Specialization (if applicable): **Industrial Electrical Engineering**
 Level and form of studies: **2nd level, full-time**
 Kind of subject: **obligatory**
 Subject code: **ELR053214**
 Group of courses: **NO**

	Lecture	Classes	Laboratory	Project	Seminar
Number of hours of organized classes in University (ZZU):	15		30		
Number of hours of total student workload (CNPS):	30		60		
Form of crediting:	crediting with grade		crediting with grade		
For group of courses mark (X) final course:					
Number of ECTS points:	1		2		
including number of ECTS points for practical (P) classes :			2		
including number of ECTS points for direct teacher-student contact (BK) classes:	0.70		1.40		

PREREQUISITES RELATING TO KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS AND OTHER COMPETENCES

1. It has a basic knowledge of the principles of operation of power converter in power supply systems AC and DC.
2. It has knowledge of the principles of magnetic components used in static converters
3. He understands the physical principles of electrical energy conversion in complex systems consisting of: the supply network, power converters and load of converters.
4. Able to perform basic measurements of electrical devices using analog and digital oscilloscope.
5. Able to elaborate a measurement performance.
6. Able to elaborate a measurement performance.
7. It has a sense of responsibility for their own work.

SUBJECT OBJECTIVES

- C1. To familiarize students with complex mathematical models of power converters used in supply systems.
 C2. Student acquaintance with analog and digital control circuits of voltage converters.
 C3. Acquisition of practical knowledge necessary for the construction of measuring systems for supply converters

SUBJECT LEARNING OUTCOMES*relating to knowledge:*

- PEU_W01 Has knowledge of the principle of operation of complex converters for power supplies.
 PEU_W02 He knows the main mathematical models of power converters working in different operating modes.
 PEU_W03 He knows the principles of analog and digital control of voltage converters.

relating to skills:

- PEU_U01 He can connect basic measurement systems for power converters.
 PEU_U02 He can connect basic measurement systems for power converters.
 PEU_U03 He can verify the results of measurements with theoretical knowledge and execute critically evaluate the knowledge of mathematical models of static converters.

relating to social competences:

- PEU_K01 Is aware of the responsibility for their own work as a team and responsible for the whole team.

PROGRAMME CONTENT		
Form of classes - lecture		Number of hours:
Lec 1	Continuos models of converters.	2
Lec 2	Models of converters of contiunuos conduction mode (CCM).	2
Lec 3	Models of converters of discontiunuos conduction mode (DCM)	2
Lec 4	Real elements used in voltage converter systems.	2
Lec 5	Mathematical models of converters, consisting of real elements.	2
Lec 6	Analog control of voltage converters.	2
Lec 7	Digital control of voltage converters.	2
Lec 8	Final test	1
Total hours:		15

Form of classes - laboratory		Number of hours:
Lab 1	Introduction. The organization of classes. Conditions for course credition.	2
Lab 2	Research of power semiconductor devices.	2
Lab 3	Research the characteristics of thyristor voltage regulators.	2
Lab 4	Research the characteristics of three-phase voltage regulator.	2
Lab 5	Research the characteristics of thyristor phase-controlled rectifier with output filter.	2
Lab 6	Examination of the characteristics of a thyristor rectifier six pulse for certain types of output filters	2
Lab 7	Research the characteristics of six-pulse rectifier, and its impact on the mains.	2
Lab 8	Research the characteristics of resonant converter DC / DC.	2
Lab 9	Test of forward converter.	2
Lab 10	Test of voltage inverter works with a AC network (UPS)	2
Lab 11	Test of pulsed DC power supply.	2
Lab 12	Research single-phase inverter with closed-loop control.	2
Lab 13	Study of transistor inverter with PWM with output filter.	2
Lab 14	Test of linear DC power supply.	2
Lab 15	Summary of the laboratory. Credit of the laboratory.	2
Total hours:		30

TEACHING TOOLS USED
<p>N1. Laboratory exercises carried out for bench laboratory.</p> <p>N2. Self-prepare for laboratory classes.</p> <p>N3. Consultation.</p> <p>N4. Lecture using audiovisual presentation.</p> <p>N5. Own work. Literary studies</p>

EVALUATION OF SUBJECT LEARNING OUTCOMES ACHIEVEMENT		
Evaluation <i>F - forming (during semester)</i> <i>P - concluding (at semester end)</i>	Educational effect number	Way of evaluating educational effect achievement
F1(w)	PEU_W01 PEU_W02 PEU_W03	Written test.
F2(w)	PEU_W01 PEU_W02 PEU_W03	Oral answer.
P(w)	$P=0,4 \cdot F1 + 0,6 \cdot F2$	
F1(L)	PEU_U01 PEU_K01	Check preparation for classes.
F2(L)	PEU_U01 PEU_U02 PEU_U03 PEU_K01	Activity in the conduct of laboratory measurements.
F3(L)	PEU_U02 PEU_U03 PEU_K01	Grade for the reports.
P(L)	$P=0,25 \cdot F1 + 0,25 \cdot F2 + 0,5 \cdot F3$	

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY LITERATURE

PRIMARY LITERATURE:

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">[1] L. Pawlaczyk, Z. Załoga Energoelektronika. Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne. Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Wrocławskiej 2005.[2] Barlik R., Nowak M.: Technika tyrystorowa. Warszawa WNT 1994.[3] Januszewski S., Świątek H., Zymmer K.: Półprzewodnikowe przyrządy mocy. Warszawa WKŁ 1999.[4] Frąckowiak L., Januszewski S.,: Energoelektronika część 1. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej.2001.[5] Frąckowiak L.: Energoelektronika część 2. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej.1998. |
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SECONDARY LITERATURE:

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">[1] Piróg S.: Energoelektronika. Kraków Wydawnictwo AGH 1998.[2] Tunia H., Winiarski B.: Podstawy energoelektroniki. Warszawa WNT 1987[3] O. Ferenczi: Zasilanie układów elektronicznych, WNT, Warszawa 1989[4] P. Horowitz, W. Hill: Sztuka elektroniki, WKŁ 2009[5] Janke W.: Właściwości impulsowych przekształtników napięcia stałego. Wydawnictwo Uczelniane Politechniki Koszalińskiej, 2017.[6] Barlik R., Nowak M.: Energoelektronika - elementy, podzespoły układy, Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Warszawskiej, 2014.[7] Barlik R., Nowak M.: Poradnik inżyniera energoelektronika T.1, T2, PWN, 2017.[8] Wu K. C: Switch Mode Power Converters, Academic Press,2006. |
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SUBJECT SUPERVISOR

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